African Regions and Their Folk Tales

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Grade Level | 7
Duration | 2-4 class period

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National Standards

GEOGRAPHY
Element 1: The World in Spatial Terms
1. How to use maps and other geographic representations, geospatial technologies, and spatial thinking to understand and communicate information

Element 2: Places and Regions
4. The physical and human characteristics of places
5. People create regions to interpret Earth's complexity

Element 3: Physical Systems
7. The physical processes that shape the patterns of Earth's surface
8. The characteristics and distribution of ecosystems and biomes on Earth's surface

Element 5: Environment and Society
14. How human actions modify the physical environment

ELA

Reading Literature
Key Ideas and Details
7.RL.3 Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).

Writing
Text Types and Purposes
7.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.

a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories as appropriate to achieving purpose; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.

c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone.

f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge
7.W.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.

AZ Standards

GEOGRAPHY
The use of geographic representations and tools helps individuals understand their world.
7.G1.1 Use and construct maps and other geographic representations to explain the spatial patterns of cultural and environmental characteristics. Human-environment interactions are essential aspects of human life in all societies.
7.G1.2 Analyze cultural and environmental characteristics that make places both similar and different.
7.G2.2 Analyze cultural and environmental characteristics that make places both similar and different.

Global interconnections and spatial patterns are a necessary part of geographic reasoning.
7.G4.1 Analyze cultural and environmental characteristics among various places and regions of the world.

Arizona Social Science Standards

GEOGRAPHY
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African Regions and Their Folk Tales

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIOP Elements</th>
<th>Grouping Option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preparation</td>
<td>Scaffolding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adapting content</td>
<td>Modeling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linking to background</td>
<td>Guided practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linking to past learning</td>
<td>Independent practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strategies used</td>
<td>Comprehensible input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrating Processes</td>
<td>Application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading</td>
<td>Hands on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writing</td>
<td>Meaningful</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speaking</td>
<td>Linked to objectives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Listening</td>
<td>Promotes engagement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Assessment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Individual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Written</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Arizona ELP Standards

Grade 6-8
Basic
Listening and Reading
Standard 1 By the end of each language proficiency level, an English learner can construct meaning from oral presentations and literary and informational text through grade appropriate listening, reading, and viewing.
B-1: determine the central idea or theme and explain how they are supported by using some text evidence.
B-2: recount specific details and information in a variety of texts.

Speaking and Writing
Standard 3 By the end of each language proficiency level, an English learner can speak and write about grade appropriate complex literary and informational texts and topics.
B-3 compose informational text that includes details to develop a topic while using appropriate conventions.
B-5: use examples of precise language and domain-specific vocabulary within informative texts.

Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing
Standard 6 By the end of each language proficiency level, an English learner can participate in grade-appropriate oral and written exchanges of information, ideas, and analyses, responding to peer, audience, or reader comments and questions.
B-5: contribute relevant information and evidence to collaborative oral and written discussions.
Standard 7 By the end of each language proficiency level, an English learner can conduct research and evaluate and communicate findings to answer questions or solve problems.
B-1: gather information from multiple provided resources to answer questions.
B-2: paraphrase observations/information notes with labeled illustrations, diagrams, or other graphics, as appropriate.
B-3: cite sources used in research.

Overview

The geographical concept of regions and how and why they change is one that middle school students often find difficult to understand. The second largest continent, Africa, has several regions, each with distinct natural and human characteristics.

Purpose

In this lesson, students will use research skills to compare the characteristics of three major natural regions of Africa: the desert, the rain forest, and the savanna. Students will also establish how the people who live there have affected these regions. Then students will listen to African folk tales from the three regions and describe the setting of each story.

Materials
African Regions and Their Folk Tales

- Projection device
- Vocabulary Cards
- Vocabulary Definition Worksheet
- Note-taking Worksheets (Desert, Savanna, Rain Forest)
- Various resources for research (i.e., almanacs, encyclopedia, nonfiction books about Africa's regions, internet)
- Talk Talk: An Ashanti Legend by Deborah Chocolate
- Bringing the Rain to Kapiti Plain by Verna Aardema
- The Storytellers by Ted Lewin
- Written Assessment
- Comparison Chart (extension activity)

Key Vocabulary

region - an area on the earth’s surface that is defined by certain unifying characteristics
native plant – a plant that naturally grows there
habitat – where plants or animals naturally grow
savanna – a large flat area of Africa with grass and few trees
rainforest – a tropical forest that gets lots of rain and has very tall trees
desert – a dry region that gets less than 10 inches of rain a year

Objectives
The student will be able to:

- Explain the concept of region.
- Identify the three major regions of Africa and relate their human and physical characteristics.
- Choose and cite appropriate sources for research.
- Take notes that summarize and paraphrase.
- Incorporate notes into a paragraph.

Procedures

SESSION ONE

1. Begin the lesson by having students discuss with a partner what they already know about Africa. As a whole class, have students share their responses. (Preparation: Linking to background, Grouping Option: Partners, Integrating Processes: Speaking)

SESSION TWO

1. Assign students to one of the three regions: desert, savanna, or rain forest. Allow groups to work together in threes. (Grouping: Small groups)

SESSION THREE

1. Read aloud the three African tales: Talk Talk: An Ashanti Legend, of Bringing the Rain to Kapiti Plain, and The Storytellers. Based on clues in each tale, students will determine in which region the story is set. Lead the class in a discussion of the setting of each story and how it relates to the story. (Integrated Processes: Speaking and Listening)

SESSION FOUR

1. Distribute the unlabeled African Regions map and project the labeled version. Guide students in locating, coloring, and labeling the desert, savanna, and rainforest. (Scaffolding: Guided practice)

Assessment

ELA and Geography
The Written Assessment will be scored using the Six Trait Writing Rubric with a focus on Ideas and Content and Organization. Mastery will be considered a score of 4 or higher.
African Regions and Their Folk Tales

The Vocabulary Definition Worksheet can be graded for completeness and accuracy. Mastery will be considered a score of 80% or higher.

The Note-taking Worksheets can be graded for completeness and accuracy. Mastery will be considered a score of 80% or higher.

Extensions

A comparison chart can be created as a class project with each column being filled in by the groups that researched that biome.

Students can write their own versions of African tales, distinctive to the region they researched.

Sources


*Bringing the Rain to Kapiti Plain* by Verna Aardema, Puffin Books, 1981. ISBN 0140546162


For further reading of African folk tales:


*Folk Tales and Fables of the Middle East and Africa* by Robert Ingpen & Barbara Hayes, Chelsea House, 1994.
