

pollution: the action or process of making land, water, air, etc., dirty and not safe or suitable to use



<https://energyeducation.ca/encyclopedia/Pollution>

<https://eurohealthnet-magazine.eu/europes-environmental-pollution-childrens-brain-development/>

fossil fuel: a fuel (such as coal, oil, or natural gas) that is formed in the earth from dead plants or animals



<https://www.sightline.org/2020/07/20/things-i-hope-never-come-back-after-the-pandemic-3-the-hegemony-of-fossil-fuels/>

<https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/distribution-fossil-fuels/>

climate change: change in the pattern of climate of a region



<https://climate.nasa.gov/solutions/adaptation-mitigation/>

<https://youmatter.world/en/definition/climate-change-meaning-definition-causes-and-consequences/>

sustainable: able to be used without being completely used up or destroyed



<https://www.pbctoday.co.uk/news/industry-insight/energy-insight/embracing-environmental-sustainability/2666/>

<https://phys.org/news/2020-04-role-sustainability.html>

renewable resource: a natural resource that the environment continues to supply or replace as it is used



<https://www.solarreviews.com/blog/examples-of-renewable-resources-and-alternative-energy-being-used-today>
<https://iiot-world.com/ics-security/cybersecurity/renewable-resources-can-increase-cyber-threats/>

resource: any useful material found in the environment



<https://www.nationalgeographic.org/activity/reading-resource-map/>
<https://www.upperbigblue.org/about/8-pillars-natural-resources-management>

nonrenewable resource: a resource that cannot be replaced once it is used



https://education.fcps.org/essl_lessons/nonrenew_question