The Cherokee lived in what we know as North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Kentucky, South Carolina, and ________________. For over 100 years, the Cherokee traded with ________________ settlers. After the American Revolution, American settlers wanted Cherokee land. The Cherokee gave up some of their land with the United States’ ________________ to always protect them. The Cherokee adopted white ways. Some even had plantation houses and cattle. In 1821, Sequoyah invented the Cherokee ________________. President Jefferson believed in a policy called Indian ________________. Some Cherokee moved to ________________ but stayed only about 10 years. By 1828, Cherokee territory was only a tenth of its former size. The Cherokee Republic created a new ________________ similar to the United States. When Andrew Jackson became president, he sponsored the Indian Removal ________________. Georgia had anti-Indian laws and set up a ________________ to give Cherokee land to white men after ________________ was found there. In 1832, the Supreme Court ruled in favor of the Cherokee. Jackson and the Southern States ignored it. A small group of Cherokee signed a ________________ agreeing to move the Cherokee Nation. In 1838, President Jackson signed the Treaty of ________________. ________________ Cherokee men signed it and ________________ Cherokee signed a petition against it. Some Cherokee went west to ________________ and picked the best homesites. Most Cherokee were taken ________________. Scott agreed to let the Cherokee arrange their own travel to
the _____________________. A legend says that each drop of Cherokee blood that fell, turned into a rock called a stone _____________________. Today, there are two Cherokee nations, one in Oklahoma and one in _____________________. 
The Cherokee lived in what we know as North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Kentucky, South Carolina, and Georgia. For over 100 years, the Cherokee traded with English settlers. After the American Revolution, American settlers wanted Cherokee land. The Cherokee gave up some of their land with the United States' promise to always protect them. The Cherokee adopted white ways. Some even had plantation houses and cattle. In 1821, Sequoyah invented the Cherokee alphabet. President Jefferson believed in a policy called Indian Removal. Some Cherokee moved to Arkansas but stayed only about 10 years. By 1828, Cherokee territory was only a tenth of its former size. The Cherokee Republic created a new government similar to the United States. When Andrew Jackson became president, he sponsored the Indian Removal Bill. Georgia had anti-Indian laws and set up a lottery to give Cherokee land to white men after gold was found there. In 1832, the Supreme Court ruled in favor of the Cherokee. Jackson and the Southern States ignored it. A small group of Cherokee signed a treaty agreeing to move the Cherokee Nation. In 1838, President Jackson signed the Treaty of New Echota. Twenty Cherokee men signed it and 16,000 Cherokee signed a petition against it. Some Cherokee went west to Oklahoma and picked the best homesites. Most Cherokee were taken captive. Scott agreed to let the Cherokee arrange their own travel to the West. A legend says that each drop of Cherokee blood that fell, turned into a rock called a stone. Today, there are two Cherokee nations, one in Oklahoma and one in North Carolina.
Complete the following sentences.

The Cherokee people were forced to leave their homeland because

The Cherokee people traveled “The Trail of Tears” by

Draw a picture to show what the Cherokee journey on “The Trail of Tears” was like.
**Assessment B**
Write a summary to explain why and how the Cherokee were forced to leave their homeland. Also, describe their experience during the journey.

- **Introduction**: Write a few sentences to explain who the Cherokee people were and the area they came from before “The Trail of Tears.”

- **Paragraph 1**: Write a few sentences to explain *why* the Cherokee people were forced to leave their homeland.

- **Paragraph 2**: Write a few sentences to explain *how* the Cherokee people were forced to leave their homeland.

- **Paragraph 3**: Write a few sentences to explain why the Cherokee people called their journey “The Trail of Tears.”
Conclusion: Write a few sentences to explain why it is important to know about the Cherokee people and their journey on "The Trail of Tears."