This House is Made of Mud: Exploring the Shapes in Our Lives

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Grade Level
K-1

Duration
1 class period

National Standards
GEOGRAPHY
Element 2: Places And Regions
4 The physical and human characteristics of places.
Element 5: Environment And Society
14 How human actions modify the physical environment.

MATHEMATICS
Geometry
K.G.A.1. Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as above, below, beside, in front of, behind, and next to.
K.G.A.2. Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.
K.G.B.5. Model shapes in the world by building shapes from components (e.g., sticks and clay balls) and drawing shapes.
1.G.A.2. Compose two-dimensional shapes or three-dimensional shapes to create a composite shape.

SCIENCE
Earth and Space Standards
1.E1U1.5 Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about the properties of Earth materials and investigate how humans use natural resources in everyday life.

AZ Standards
GEOGRAPHY
The use of geographic representations and tools help individuals understand their world.
K.G1.1 Use, explore, and construct maps, graphs and other geographical representations to support content focus. Key concepts include but are not limited to graphing local weather and mapping the classroom.
K.G1.2 Explore locations in stories shared.
1.G1.1 Use, explore and construct maps, graphs, and other geographical representations to support content focus. Key concepts include but are not limited to physical features (rivers, lakes, mountains, landforms, desert) and human features (dams, cities, parks, hospitals, schools, railroad tracks, farms, factories, houses).

Arizona Social Science Standards
GEOGRAPHY
Human-environment interactions are essential aspects of human life in all societies.
1.G2.1 Compare how human activities affect culture and the environment now and in the past.
Examining human population and movement helps individuals understand past, present, and future conditions on Earth’s surface.
1.G3.2 Compare places past and present as it relates to content focus.

Overview
Our home is made of the Earth on which we live and is similar in shape to the shapes found in nature.

Purpose
In this lesson students will learn about our dependence on the earth's resources for materials. They will practice their knowledge of geometric shapes by recognizing them in the context of the story.

Materials
- This House is Made of Mud by Ken Buchanan
- Pieces of a brick, cement, stucco, and lumber or pictures of such building materials
- Bowl for mixing "mud"
- Dirt
This House is Made of Mud: Exploring Shapes in Our Lives

- Straw
- Water
- Paper shapes of a circle, rectangle, triangle, square
- Flannel board, white or chalk board for reference

Objectives

The student will be able to:
1. Identify similar geometric shapes found within the classroom from the context of the story.
2. Students will understand that we use the earth for building our houses.

Procedures

Pre-requisite skills: geometric shape names

1. Before reading the story, explain that this is a story about the traditional housing of people living in the Arizona desert. Native American, Mexican and some Anglos live in these “mud” homes even today.
2. Show students a brick, a section of stucco or cement, and a piece of lumber. Look at the walls of the school. Talk about the fact these materials ALSO come from the earth. Emphasize that ALL of us build ALL of our houses from the earth in some way.
3. Read the book This House is Made of Mud to the class. Check for geometry understanding through the story by asking questions such as:
   - What shape is the __________ (sun, house, door, etc.)
   - What shape in this picture has four sides of equal length?
   - What shape has two long sides and two short sides?
   - The mountain peaks are like what shape?
   Students should respond with the appropriate geometric shapes.
4. Ask the students how the mud for the house is made? Let the students share their ideas. Then demonstrate how this type of housing can be built by making some “mud” for the class. Introduce the word “adobe” as the Spanish word for this type of brick.
5. Use a small container to mix 2 cups of Arizona dirt, a handful of straw (available from Wal-Mart in the small animal bedding area or free from an animal feed store or a gift from someone who keeps livestock), and enough water to make a thick mixture – much like brownie mix. Pat it into a rectangular shape. Have the students touch the mud/adobe. Ask: What attributes does this mixture have?

Assessment

Math:
1. Students will look at and think of various items (for example, a book, an orange, the classroom clock, a slice of pizza) and name the geometric shape that is represented by the object. Recognition of 4 out of 5 shapes represents mastery of the math concept.
2. Or the students can draw their own house from the outside. They need to explain the geometric shapes that their house contains. Recognition of 4 out of 5 shapes represents master of the math concept.

Geography:

Students will be able to answer these questions:
- What can houses be made from?
- Where do the materials used in making a house come from?

Extensions

Modeling clay or regular pottery clay could be used to build hogans or mud houses.

Attribute blocks can be used to reinforce the concept shape + thickness and size comparison.

To introduce building materials, these books can be used:

Read other books about the natural environment such as:
- Desert Giant by Barbara Bash
- Cactus Hotel by Brenda Z. Guiberson
- Lizards for Lunch by Conrad J. Storad
- Everybody Needs a Rock by Byrd Baylor
- Soft Child, How Rattlesnake got its Fangs by Joe Hayes
- Lizards on the Wall by Ken and Debby Buchanan

Sources

This House is Made of Mud/Esta Casa Esta Hecha De Lodo by Ken Buchanan, Libby Tracy (Illustrator), Patricia Hinton Davis (Translator), 1994, Rising Moon, Bilingual Edition (ISBN 08735850)