Get In The Zone: Ocean Zones

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<td>The use of geographic representations and tools help individuals understand their world.</td>
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<td>3. How to analyze the spatial organization of people, places, and environments on Earth's surface.</td>
<td>Key Ideas and Details</td>
<td>2.G1.1 Use and construct maps, graphs, and other geographic representations of familiar and unfamiliar places in the world; locate physical and human features. Key physical features include but are not limited to seven continents, oceans, lakes, rivers, mountain ranges, coasts, seas, and deserts.</td>
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<td><strong>Element 2: Places and Regions</strong></td>
<td>2.RI.1 Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.</td>
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<td>4. The physical and human characteristics of places</td>
<td>2.RI.7 Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text.</td>
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<td>5. People create regions to interpret Earth's complexity</td>
<td>2.W.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.</td>
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<td>2.W.8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.</td>
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<td>2.W.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.</td>
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<td>2.L2U1.9 Analyze, and communicate evidence that organisms need a source of energy, air, water, and certain temperature conditions to survive.</td>
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Arizona ELP Standards
Get in the Zone: Ocean Zones

Grade 2
Basic
Listening and Reading
Standard 1 By the end of each language proficiency level, an English learner can construct meaning from oral presentations and literary and informational text through grade appropriate listening, reading, and viewing.
B-1: ask and answer questions by using evidence from a text.
B-3: identify key details that support the main idea or message.
Standard 2 By the end of each language proficiency level, an English learner can determine the meaning of words and phrases in oral presentations and literary and informational text.
B-1: determine the meaning of frequently occurring academic and content-specific words and phrases.
Speaking and Writing
Standard 3 By the end of each language proficiency level, an English learner can speak and write about grade appropriate complex literary and informational texts and topics.
B-3 compose informational text that includes details to develop a topic while using appropriate conventions.
B-4: produce writing with appropriate organization on a variety of topics, experiences, or events using sentence frames.

Overview
The ocean has distinct layers that have their own characteristics such as unique sea creatures, differing temperatures, and different pressures. The layers range from the surface layer where most ocean activities occur, to the deep dark depths of the water that scientists have yet to fully explore.

Purpose
In this lesson, students will learn the ocean layers and describe the characteristics (ocean depth and some forms of life) of each. This lesson was designed with specific support for diverse learners.

Key Vocabulary
zone or layer- specific area
marine- relating to the ocean
ocean- one of the 5 large bodies of salt water that cover the Earth
trench- a long narrow hole dug in the ground or ocean floor

Materials
- White poster or chart paper with ocean layers drawn
- Markers, crayons, or color pencils
- Clip art animal sheets
- Smartboard/projector/doc cam
- Let’s Learn the Ocean Zones! Video [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHVE4B-UjmM](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHVE4B-UjmM)
- Down Down Down: Journey to the Bottom of the Sea by Steve Jenkins
- Ocean Zones worksheets (A and B) (B is scaffolded for those who need it) and Answer Key
- Student Readings about the Zones
- Ocean Zones Assessment
- Vocabulary Cards
- Vocabulary Test and Answer Key
- Sticky notes/ Index cards

Objectives
The student will be able to:
1. Define and describe the characteristics of the five ocean layers.
2. Describe the kinds of animals in the five ocean layers.

Procedures
Prior to the lesson: Post sheets of poster or chart paper on the classroom walls depending on how many groups you’ll have. Cut out that same amount of sets of sea creatures.

SESSION ONE
Engage:
a. Ask students if they have ever visited the ocean before. Call on a few students to share their experiences. Ask students if they have a favorite
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ocean animal and call a few students to share. Tell the students they will be learning about the ocean and the sea animals that live there. **(Preparation: Adapting content, Linking to Background)**

b. Divide the students into groups. Let them know they will be working with their group to figure out where different ocean animals live. Introduce the vocabulary word “zone or layer.” Explain the word by showing them the zones or layers on the poster paper. **(Grouping Option: Small groups)**

c. Divide the students into groups of 3. Let them know they will be working with their group to figure out where different ocean animals live. Introduce the vocabulary word “zone or layer.” Explain the word by showing them the zones (or layers) on the poster paper. **(Grouping Option: Small groups)**

**Explore:**

a. Give each group 10 minutes to discuss their decisions and post each sea creature on the poster or chart paper where they think it belongs. **(Integrating Process: Speaking and Listening)**

b. When all groups have finished, ask various groups how they came up with the zones they chose, but before sharing with the whole class, have students share within their groups so that ELLs have an opportunity to rehearse their answers. **(Integrating Process: Speaking)**

c. Ask groups to share out their opinions. **(Integrating Process: Listening)**

d. Tell students that tomorrow they will see how correct they were. **(Integrating Process: Speaking)**

**Explain:**

a. Students will watch Let’s Learn the Ocean Zones video. Tell students the video only has 3 of the ocean zones. [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHVE4B-UjmM](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHVE4B-UjmM) (3.40 min) **(Application: Promotes Engagement)**

b. Then read *Down Down Down: A Journey to the Bottom of the Sea* by Steve Jenkins and project it for students to follow along. Note: be sure to block the name of the zones on the right side of the book. Students may have the option to write notes in their science journals if they prefer. **(Integrating Process: Writing)**

c. While reading the story, compare the ocean depths to amount of football fields or cars so students have an understanding of that measurement. (ex: 13,000 ft is 44 football fields long!) **(Preparation: Adapting Content, Scaffolding: Comprehensible Input)**

**Elaborate:**

a. After reading the story, give students a couple of minutes to talk and change their ocean animal locations if needed. **(Promotes Engagement, Integrating Process: Speaking)**

**Evaluate:**

a. Have students write 1) one thing they learned in the lesson and 2) one question they still have as an exit ticket (sticky note or index card). **(Assessment: Written, Application: Linked to Objectives)**

**SESSION TWO**

Prior to this session: pick a few Exit Tickets from SESSION ONE that have questions you know will be answered in this session and write them on the white board.

**Engage:**

a. Call on a student to read the first question on the white board. Ask students for their answer to the question. Record their responses. Repeat the process until answers have been given to all of the posted questions. **(Integrating Process: Listening and Speaking, Preparation: Linking to past learning)**

b. Tell students today they’ll learn more about the names and characteristics of the ocean zones and learn the correct answers to the questions on the white board. **(Application: Linked to objectives)**

**Explain:**

a. Distribute the Ocean Zone worksheet (B is scaffolded version for students that need the extra help.) to the students and show each ocean zone page for students by reading them out loud. Be sure to clarify any words that students may not know or understand. **(Scaffolding: Comprehensible Output)**

b. After you read each page, highlight the answers for each question and model writing on your own note sheet so students know what they will be writing. Students will color each specific zone with the color indicated afterwards. **(Scaffolding: Modeling)**

**Elaborate:**

a. Let students go over the correct sea animal locations themselves as a class when the notes are completed. “So where can you find a jellyfish? (ex: In the sunlight zone, the twilight zone, and the midnight zone!) **(Application: Promotes Engagement, Integrating Process: Speaking)**

**Evaluate:**

a. Give students assessment. **(Assessment: Individual, Written)** Share some of their ocean
creatures with the whole class using the doc camera or have the students present their creations to the class. *(Integrating processes: Speaking)*

b. Ask students what’s something else they want to know more about for a further investigation. *(Preparation: Adapting Content)*

**Assessment**

**ELA**
Vocabulary acquisition can be assessed with the Vocabulary Test. Students will score 75% or higher on the Vocabulary Test to reach mastery.

**ELA, Geography and Science**
Students can be assessed with the Ocean Zones Assessment. They should name the correct ocean layer and at least two animals that live there. They should also have at least two characteristics of the ocean layer.

**Extensions**

- Teacher can read *A Day in the Deep* by Kevin Kurtz for students to discover more sea creatures living in the deep layers.
- Students can go on a field trip to the Odyssey aquarium. [https://www.odyseaarium.com/education/field-trips-school-groups/](https://www.odyseaarium.com/education/field-trips-school-groups/)
- Students can create their own sea creatures and decide which ocean layer the creatures would live in based on what they learned about each layer. They can present their sea creature in a drawing or on a poster.
- Show an oceans map and explain where each of the layers are using the different colors of blue (ex: trenches near Japan).

**Sources**

- Youtube video provided by SciShow Kids from [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHVE4B-UjmM](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHVE4B-UjmM)